

A Short Synthesis of Cordiachromene

Philippe H. Kahn, Janine Cossy

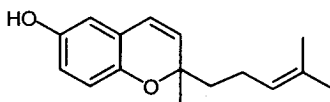
Laboratoire de Chimie Organique, associé au CNRS, ESPCI, 10 rue Vauquelin - 75231 - Paris Cedex 05 - France

Received 2 August 1999; accepted 10 September 1999

Abstract: Cordiachromene was synthesized from 5-methyl hept-5-en-2-one by using a Claisen rearrangement
© 1999 Elsevier Science Ltd. All rights reserved.

Keywords: benzopyrans, chromenes, rearrangements, alkynes.

There are many examples of biologically active compounds containing the benzopyran or 3,4-dihydrobenzopyran nucleus. These nuclei are present in cannabinoids such as cannabichromene¹, ubichromenol² or cordiachromene. At first, cordiachromene was isolated from *Cordia alliodora* Ruiz. and Pav.³ which is a native tropical American tree whose wood is recognized for its durability in marine use.⁴ More recently, cordiachromene was isolated from *Aplidium antillense*⁵ and *Aplidium constellatum*.⁶ This chromene shows antibacterial activity against *Staphylococcus aureus*.⁵ It also demonstrates anti-inflammatory activity⁷ and seems to act by a specific inhibition of cyclooxygenase.⁷

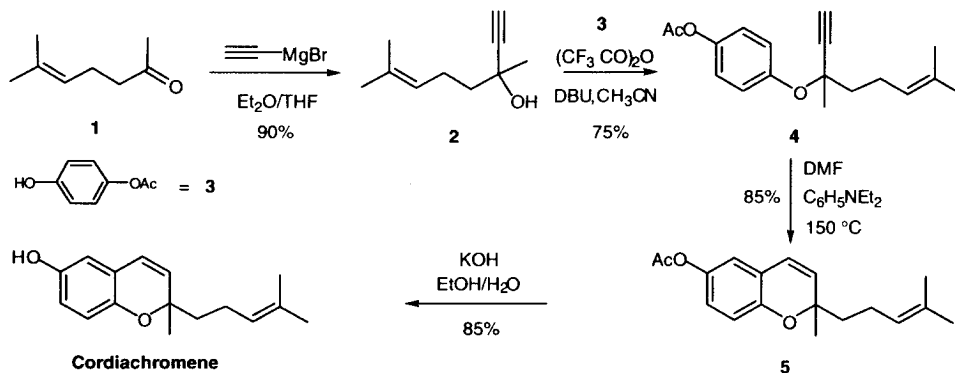


Cordiachromene

Syntheses of substituted 3,4-dihydrobenzopyran nuclei can be achieved by using a cyclization of phenols substituted by an *ortho* isoprenic side chain followed by a dehydrogenation with 2,3-dichloro-5,6-dicyanobenzoquinone (DDQ),⁸ by using a cyclization of substituted quinones in refluxing pyridine,⁹ or by using a Claisen rearrangement of propargyl ethers.¹⁰ Of the methods available, we found that a Claisen rearrangement applied to propargyl ether **4** was the most suitable method to synthesize cordiachromene. After treatment of 5-methyl hept-5-en-2-one with ethynylmagnesium bromide (ether/THF: 1/1; yield: 90%), propargyl alcohol **2** was obtained and condensed with hydroquinone monoacetate **3** [(CF₃CO)₂O; DBU; CH₃CN, 0 °C]¹¹ to produce propargyl ether **4** (yield: 75%). The transformation of propargyl ether **4** to the corresponding 2*H*-1-benzopyran **5** was achieved by heating **4** at 150 °C in DMF containing *N,N*-diethylaniline¹² (85% yield). After alkaline

hydrolysis (KOH, EtOH/H₂O), cordiachromene was isolated with a yield of 85%. Cordiachromene was synthesized from 5-methyl hept-5-en-2-one, in 4 steps with an overall yield of 50%

Scheme: Synthesis of cordiachromene from 5-methyl hept-5-en-2-one.



References

- Holley J. H.; Hadley, K. W.; Turner, C. E. *J. Pharm. Sci.* **1975**, 892-895.
- Mc Hale, D.; Green, J. *Chem. & Ind.* **1962**, 1867.
- a) Manners, G. D.; Jurd, L. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans 1* **1977**, 405-410.
b) Manners, G. D. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans 1* **1983**, 39-43.
- Moir, M.; Thomson, R. H., *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans 1* **1973**, 1352-1357.
- Benslimane, A. F.; Pouchus, Y. F.; Le Boterff, J.; Verbist, J. F.; Roussakis, C.; Monnot, F. *J. Nat. Prod.* **1988**, *51*, 582-583.
- Targett, N. M.; Keeran, W. S. *J. Nat. Prod.* **1984**, *47*, 556-557.
- Benslimane, A. F.; Pouchus, Y. F.; Verbist, J. F.; Petit, J.-Y.; Brion, J. D.; Welin, L. *J. Clin. Pharmacol.* **1995**, *35*, 298-301.
- Cardillo, G.; Cricchio, R.; Merlini, L. *Tetrahedron*, **1968**, *24*, 4825-4830.
- a) Elsohly, M. A.; Boeren, E. G.; Turner, C. E. *J. Heterocyclic Chem.* **1978**, *15*, 699-700.
b) Kane, V. V.; Razdan, R. K. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1968**, *90*, 6551-6553.
c) Crombie, L.; Ponsford, R. *J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.* **1968**, 894-895.
d) Crombie, L.; Ponsford, R. *J. Chem. Soc. (C)*, **1971**, 796-804.
- a) Iwai, I.; Ide, J. *Chem. Pharm. Bull.* **1962**, *10*, 926-933.
b) Iwai, I.; Ide, J. *Chem. Pharm. Bull.* **1963**, *11*, 1042-1049.
c) Anderson, W. K.; Lavoie, E. J. *J. Org. Chem.* **1973**, *38*, 3832-3835.
d) Anderson, W. K.; Lavoie, E. J.; Whitkop, P. G. *J. Org. Chem.* **1974**, *39*, 881-884.
e) Brown, P. E.; Lewis, R. A. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans 1* **1992**, 573-577.
f) Zsindely, J.; Schmid, H. *Helv. Chim. Acta* **1968**, *51*, 1510-1514.
g) Kock-Pomeranz, U. K.; Hansen, H. J.; Schmid, H. *Helv. Chim. Acta* **1973**, *56*, 2981-3004.
h) Hlubucek, J.; Ritchie, E.; Taylor, W. C. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1969**, 1369-1370.
i) Hlubucek, J.; Ritchie, E.; Taylor, W. C. *Aust. J. Chem.* **1971**, *24*, 2547-2354; *ibid*, *Aust. J. Chem.* **1970**, *23*, 1881-1889.
- Godfrey Jr., J. D.; Mueller, R. H.; Sedergran, T. C.; Soundararajan, N.; Colandrea, V. J. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1994**, 6405-6408.
- Bell, D.; Davies, M. R.; Geen, G. R.; Mann, S. I. *Synthesis*, **1995**, 707-712.